

· Joshua 2:1-21

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- · Proverbs 31:29 "Many women have done excellently, but you surpass them all."
- $\cdot$  Sometimes we give little meaningful consideration to women in the Scriptures: Holy, Faith, Godly, Grace.
- · Often these women have to be faithful in very difficult circumstances, and often they are treated poorly by male contemporaries.



- But they are praised by God for their excellence, and so there are lessons we must learn from them.
  - $\cdot$  When created by God as a "helper" this is a high complement, and her role is intended to compliment the role of the man.
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  But Satan, and often men, have also done much try to devalue women in a variety of ways.
- · The lessons that we can learn from these holy women of faith apply to each of us. Men as well as women.

Hebrews 11:31

And in the same way was not also Rahab the prostitute justified by works when she received the messengers and sent them out by another way?

- · Hebrews 11:31 By faith Rahab the prostitute did not perish with those who were disobedient, because she had given a friendly welcome to the spies.
- · James 2:25 And in the same way was not also Rahab the prostitute justified by works when she received the messengers and sent them out by another way?
- · There's other person mentioned in each of these passages as an example of faith and works: Abraham
  - That's good company to be in.

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- · It's almost always the first thing that comes to our mind when we think of Rahab, and with reason: it's mentioned repeatedly, most likely as a way of identifying her.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  The problem is that we maybe hold onto description too tightly.
  - · But we sometimes have that tendency both for others and for ourselves
  - · We often focus on sins and failures and let those define us.
  - Sometimes it's not even our own sins that define us, but what others have done.

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- $\cdot$  Whatever Rahab had been is not as important as
  - · the choices she made
  - the actions she took
  - · who she is (more on that later)
  - · that Jehovah accepted her

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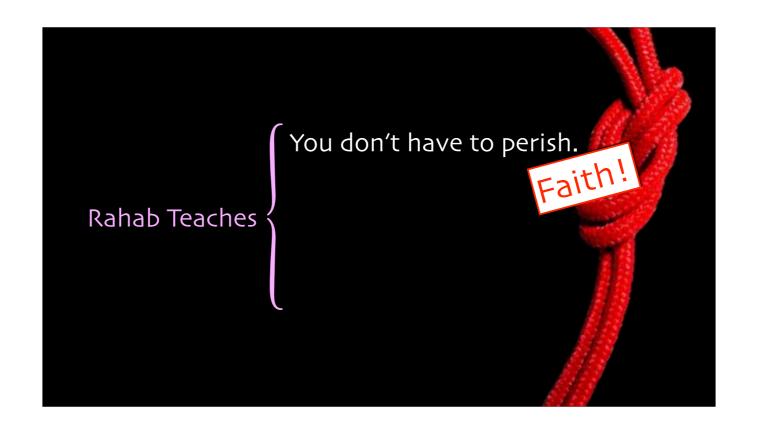
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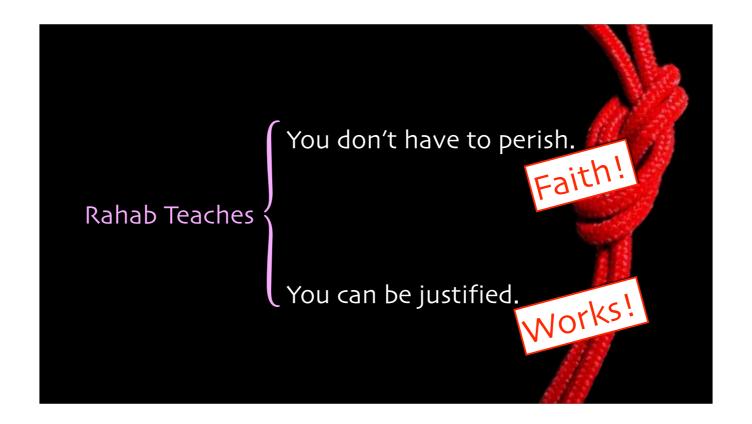
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· Rahab teaches us that



- · You do not have to perish
  - · Rahab's situation was dire and she knew it: on multiple levels
  - · But she chose to have faith in God and in God's people



- · You can be justified
  - · Rahab knew well who she was, she understood about her life.
    - · We really don't know anything about her moral code or ethics.
    - · We don't know if she thought she was sinful for being a prostitute, or for deceiving
    - · Whether she realized it or not, her spirit was in jeopardy just as her life.



· Rahab's Faith



· 10 For we have heard



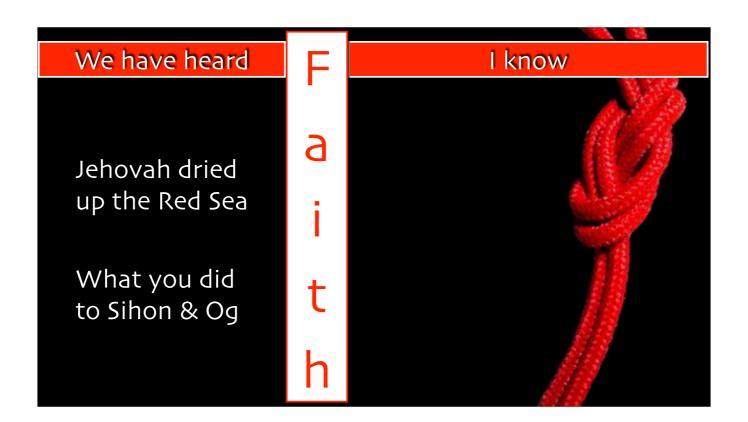
- · how the LORD dried up the water of the Red Sea before you when you came out of Egypt, and
- · This had been 40 years before
  - slaves departing from Egypt
  - · the Egyptian army destroyed in the sea
    - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  probably had a huge impact on the other nations



- · How amazing is it that they had heard?
  - · And how amazing is it that they found the story credible!
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Note, in particular, that she speaks of Jehovah by name.
  - · Those in Jericho were not believers in Him,
  - · But they knew he was the God of Israel.
  - · And they understood his power.



- 10: what you did to the two kings of the Amorites who were beyond the Jordan, to Sihon and Og, whom you devoted to destruction.
- · This is more recent
  - But the idea of a group of slaves, weary from wandering in the wilderness for 40 years, defeating the armies of nations is improbable.
  - · But the completeness of the victory was undeniable.
  - · Recognizing again the power of Jehovah.
- · What did Jericho have that would save them?
  - Walls.



- · "I know"
  - · How did "hearing" become something that Rahab knew?
  - · How does she reach her conclusions?



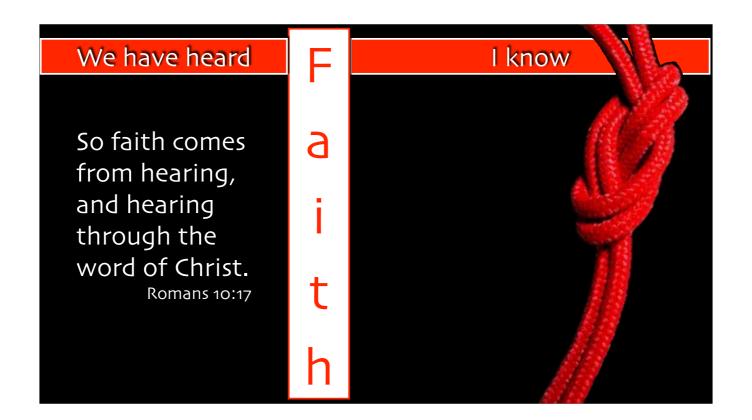
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  that the LORD has given you the land, and
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  This goes back to the promise to Abraham, more than 400 years before.
  - But did Rahab know that promise?
- This is not hard to know though?
  - · 40 years earlier Israel had gathered at Kadesh-Barnea and sent spies into the land.
  - · Now they had march up the east side of the Jordan, defeating those nations one by one
  - · And they had been camped on the plains of the Jordan, just across from Jericho for months
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  It was clear that Jehovah had given Israel the land.
- Note again that she speaks of Jehovah by name!



- · 8: that the fear of you has fallen upon us, and
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  that all the inhabitants of the land melt away before you.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  The Israelites seemed to be, however improbable, an unstoppable force
  - · It wasn't just Rahab who understood.
  - · But it wasn't just about the Israelites either



- · 11: for Jehovah your God,
  - · he is God in the heavens above and
  - · on the earth beneath.
- · This is a very big admission for those who were not of Israel
  - · Consider what great miracles it took for Nebuchadnezzar and Darius to admit that Jehovah was God: interpreting the dream, fiery furnace, lion's den.
- · And this is the key for understanding Rahab
  - · She's heard about Jehovah
  - · She's heard about miracles like the Red Sea
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  She's heard about the power of God for his people
  - · She understands about God's promises (land)



- · Faith, hearing, knowing
- $\cdot\,$  Romans 10:17 So faith comes from hearing, and hearing through the word of Christ.



- · Faith, hearing, knowing
- · Hebrews 11:6 And without faith it is impossible to please him, for whoever would draw near to God must believe that he exists and that he rewards those who seek him.



- · Having come to understand who Jehovah is, Rahab did not sit by idly
  - · She knows Jehovah, now her faith goes to work.



- · Joshua 2:1 And Joshua the son of Nun sent two men secretly from Shittim as spies, saying, "Go, view the land, especially Jericho." And they went and came into the house of a prostitute whose name was Rahab and lodged there.
- · Giving the spies a place to stay was likely a risky choice?



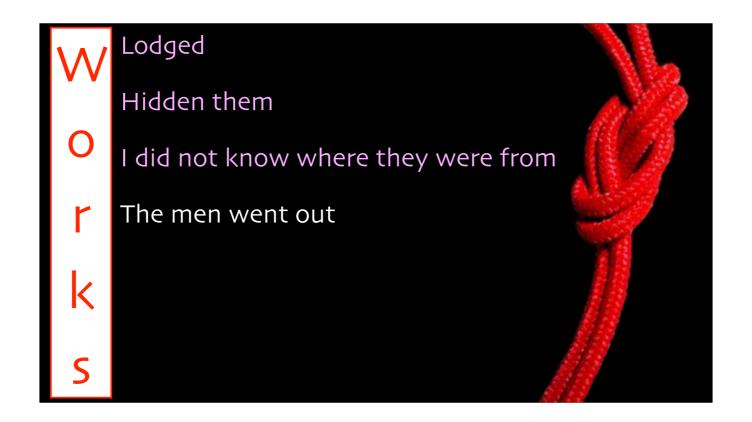
- · Joshua 2:4 But the woman had taken the two men and hidden them. And she said, "True, the men came to me, but I did not know where they were from.
  - · Joshua 2:6 But she had brought them up to the roof and hid them with the stalks of flax that she had laid in order on the roof.



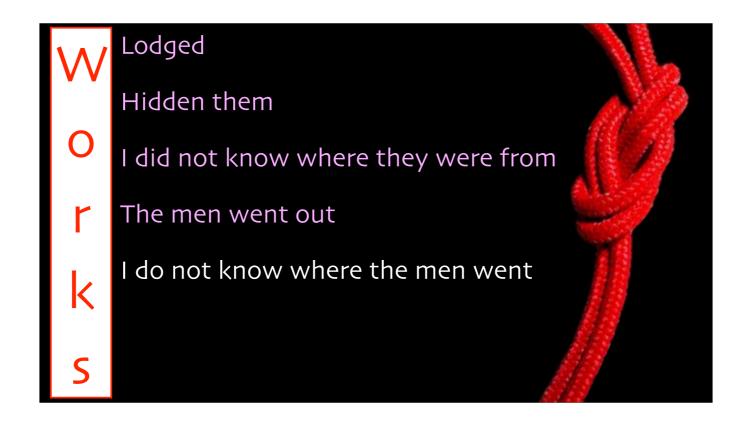
- · Joshua 2:4 But the woman had taken the two men and hidden them. And she said, "True, the men came to me, but I did not know where they were from.
  - $\cdot\,$  Here's where we start struggling a little?
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Everything in the text indicates that she knew exactly who they were.
    - · So this was definitely misleading.
    - · She's lying.



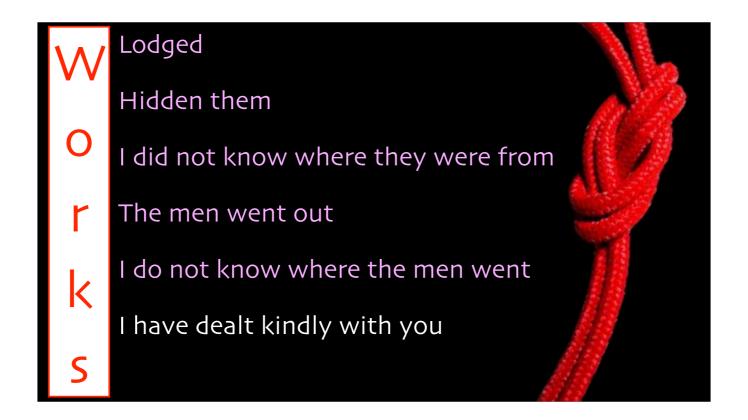
- · Does this mean that Jehovah approves of lying and deceiving?
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  There's nothing in the text that indicates he approves in any way.
    - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  We have a record of what happened.
  - · Nor was her lying necessary to protect the spies.
- · More importantly, this was probably another risk if the king found out she was protecting them.



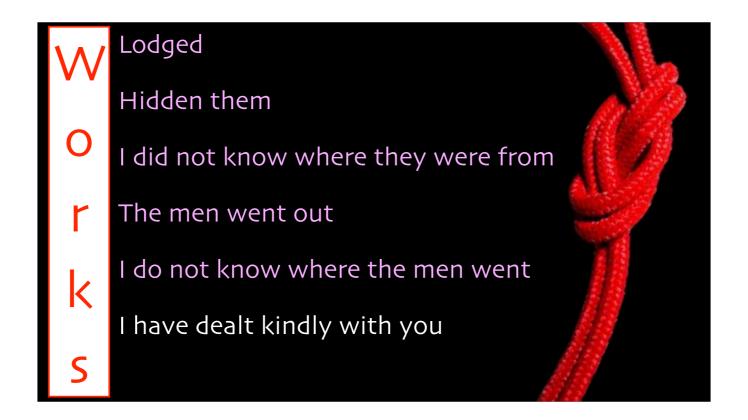
- · Joshua 2:5 And when the gate was about to be closed at dark, the men went out.
  - · More of the lie.



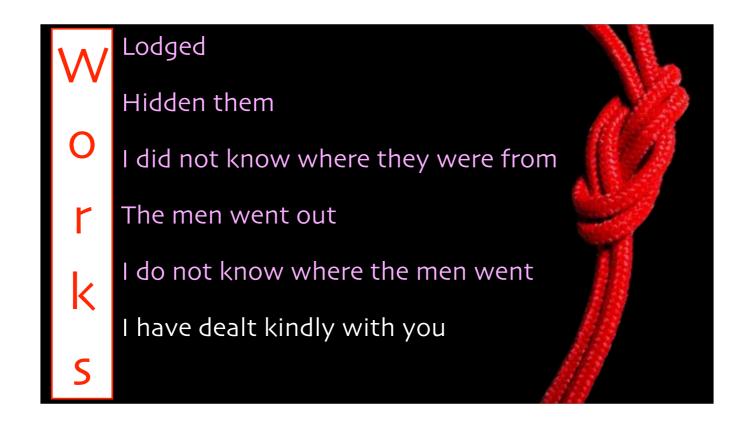
- · I do not know where the men went. Pursue them quickly, for you will overtake them."
- · More lying, more risk.



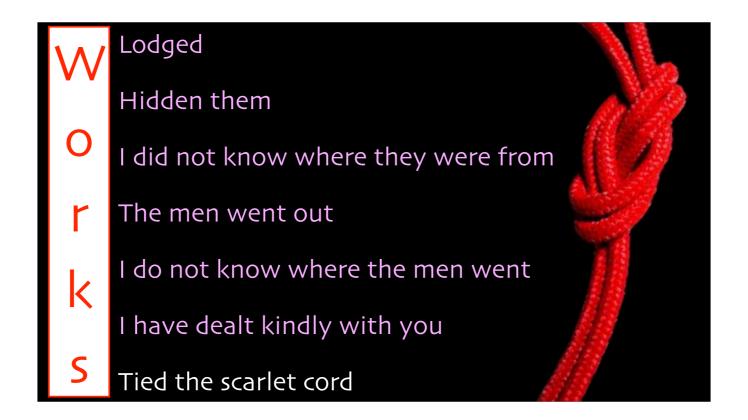
· Joshua 2:12-13 (ESV) 12 Now then, please swear to me by the LORD that, as I have dealt kindly with you, you also will deal kindly with my father's house, and give me a sure sign 13 that you will save alive my father and mother, my brothers and sisters, and all who belong to them, and deliver our lives from death."



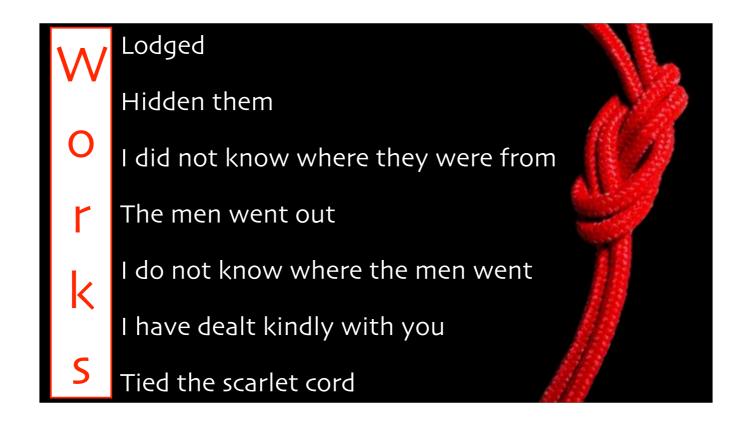
- · This may be the most courageous thing that Rahab does.
  - · We don't know if the people of Jericho knew that Jericho was under the same command of utter destruction, but they did know how Israel had acted in the past.
  - · Why does Rahab choose kindness to the Israelites spies?
    - · Is it completely about saving herself and her family? (Just utilitarian?)
      - · I don't think Jehovah would have seen her, or rewarded her the same if that was the case.



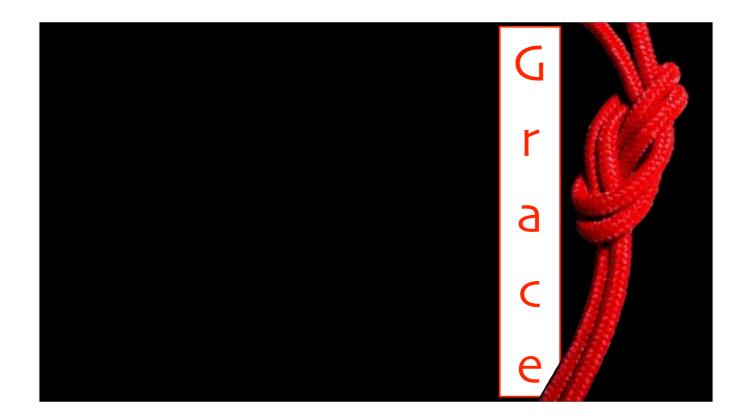
- · Or had she determined that this was the right thing to do?
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  That this was the proper response of one who's faith was in Jehovah.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  She was again risking a lot by putting her trust in these Israelite people and their God.



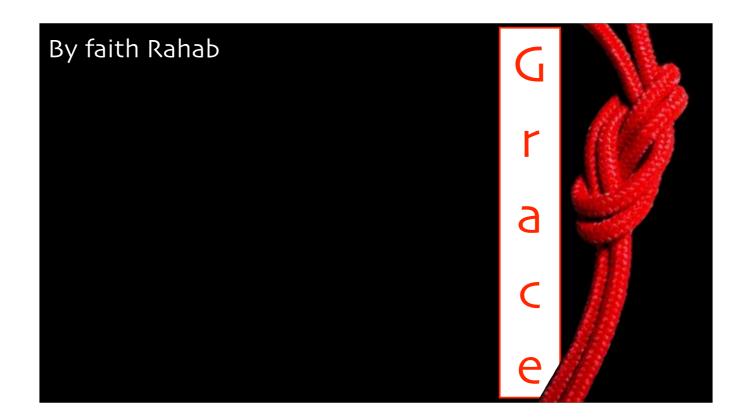
- · Joshua 2:21 And she said, "According to your words, so be it." Then she sent them away, and they departed. And she tied the scarlet cord in the window.
- · It had to be done.
  - · She did it right away.
  - · I don't know if it could be seen, or it was obvious.
  - · But it doesn't matter.
- · In the face of an invading army her salvation was centered around a scarlet cord.
  - · But really, a powerful God.



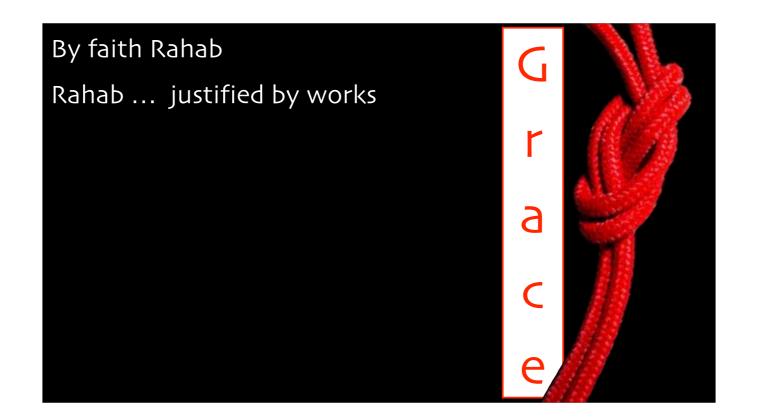
- · James 2:18: I will show you my faith by my works.
- · James 2:22 You see that faith was active along with his works, and faith was completed by his works;



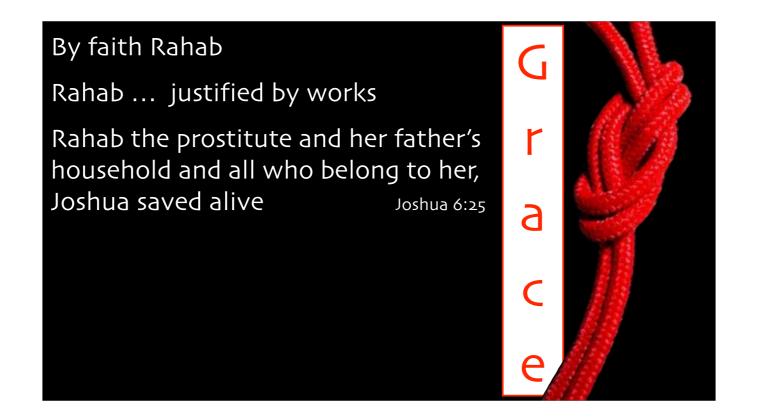
- · One last point. Rahab also teaches us about God's amazing grace.
- · Although the grace Rahab received is clearly throughout her story.



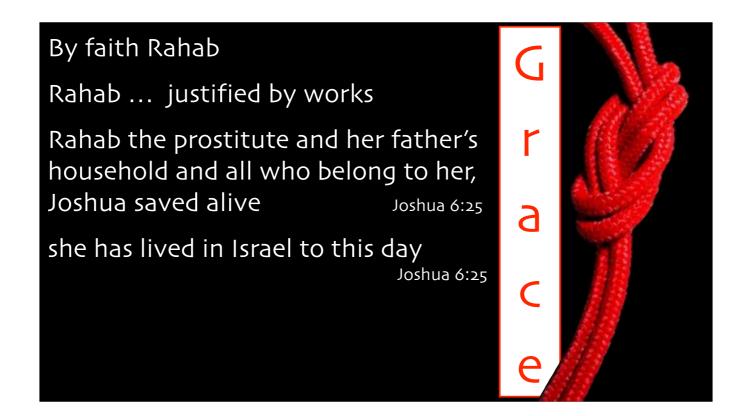
· We've already seen her faith ... pleasing to God, and he's a rewarder.



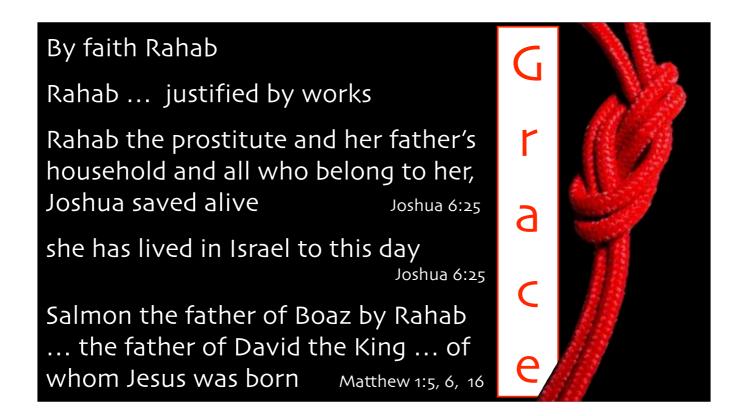
· We've seen that she was justified by works: faith put into action



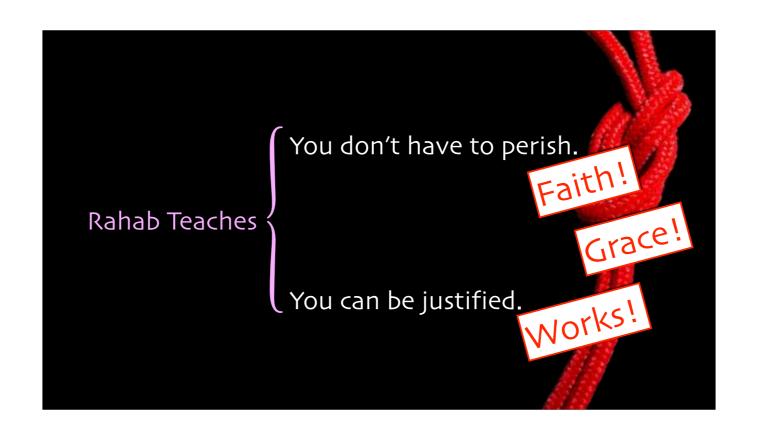
- $\cdot$  God's grace the kindness that she received
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  She and her family were saved
  - · The only ones in all of Jericho.



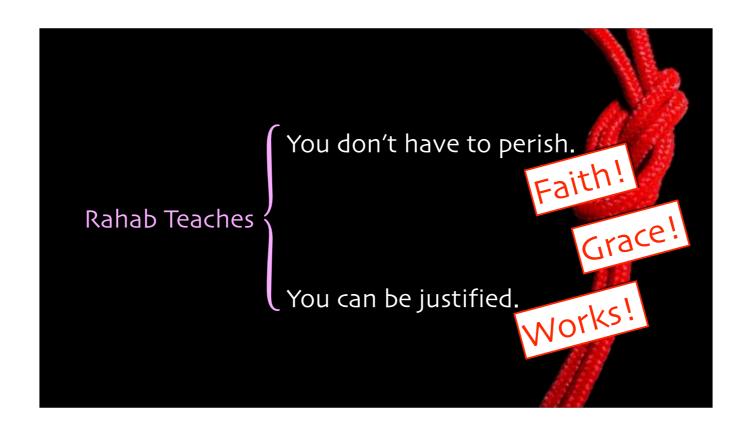
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  But she also found a home among the people of Israel
  - · God did not send her off on her own
  - · She because one of God's people, and he is her God.



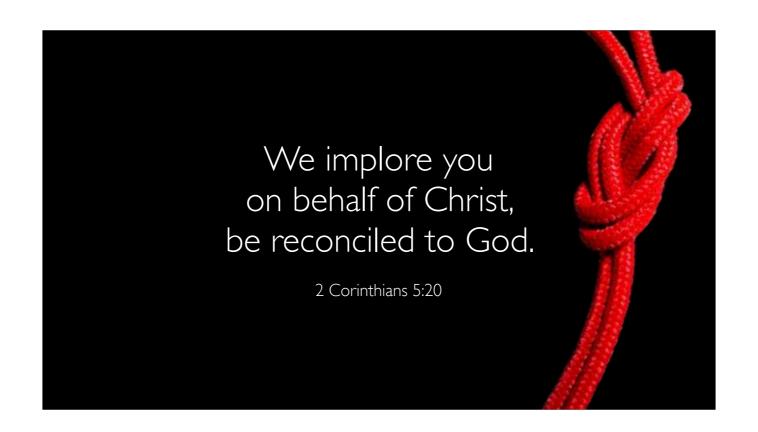
- $\cdot$  More significantly, we see God's grace in her place in the family of the Messiah.
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Because what God values is not a physical lineage, but faith in Him.
  - · And she is reward as one of the women mentioned in the lineage of Jesus:
    - Tamar
    - · Rahab
    - Ruth
    - Mary



- · Rahab teaches us that
  - · You do not have to perish
  - · You can be justified
  - · You can receive God's grace too.

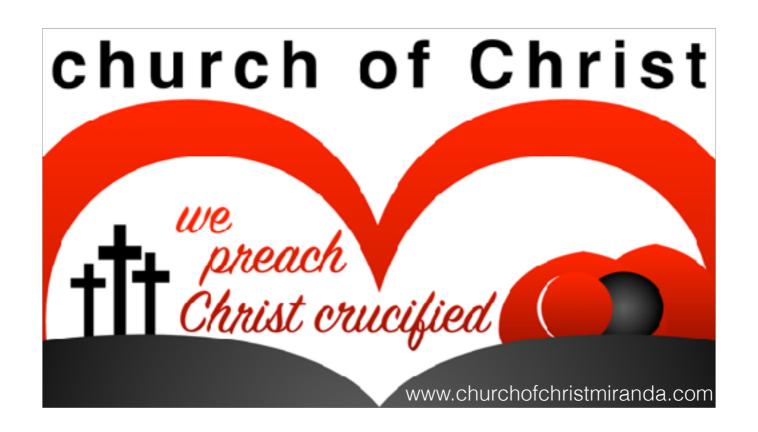


- · Our Salvation is different, because it's about Eternal Life
  - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Jesus came to save you from your sin.
  - · He died and was raised so that you can be justified.
  - · In him is forgiveness and reconciliation.
    - · Believe that he is the son of God
    - · Turn to him in faith and away from your former life.
    - · Confess him as lord
    - · Be baptized.



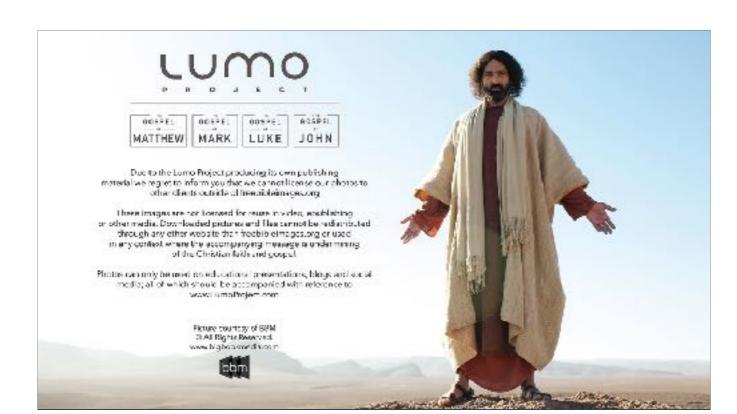
Call to Action





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#01

## She Hid The Messengers: Rahab's Faith and Works

Joshua 2:1-21

<u>Synopsis:</u> Rahab teaches that we don't have to perish and that we can be justified. She teaches faith, works and grace.

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"Let all that you do be done with love."